

$$\frac{3x+1}{x+2} - \frac{x-1}{x-2} = 1$$

ОДЗ.

$$\begin{cases} x+2 \neq 0 & (1) \\ x-2 \neq 0 & (2) \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{3x+1}{x+2} - \frac{x-1}{x-2} - 1 = 0$$

$$-1 + \frac{3x+1}{x+2} - \frac{x-1}{x-2} = 0$$

$$-1 + \frac{(3x+1)(x-2)}{(x+2)(x-2)} - \frac{(x-1)(x+2)}{(x-2)(x+2)} = 0$$

$$-1 + \frac{(3x+1)(x-2) - (x-1)(x+2)}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$-1 + \frac{(3x^2 - 6x + x - 2) - (x^2 + 2x - x - 2)}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$-1 + \frac{(3x^2 - 5x - 2) - (x^2 + x - 2)}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$-1 + \frac{3x^2 - 5x - 2 - x^2 - x + 2}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$-1 + \frac{2x^2 - 6x}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$-\frac{(x+2)(x-2)}{(x+2)(x-2)} + \frac{2x^2 - 6x}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$-\frac{(x+2)(x-2) + (2x^2 - 6x)}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$-\frac{(x^2 - 4) + (2x^2 - 6x)}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$\frac{-x^2 + 4 + 2x^2 - 6x}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 4 - 6x}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 6x + 4}{(x+2)(x-2)} = 0$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 4 = 0$$

$$D = b^2 - 4ac = (-6)^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 = 20$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{D}}{2a}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{6 - 2\sqrt{5}}{2 \cdot 1} = 3 - \sqrt{5}; x_2 = \frac{6 + 2\sqrt{5}}{2 \cdot 1} = 3 + \sqrt{5}$$

Ответ: $x = 3 - \sqrt{5}; x = 3 + \sqrt{5}$.